

# First Quarter Financial Results Fiscal Year 2023 (Ending March 2024)

July 28, 2023 Seiko Epson Corporation

Seiko Enson Corporation 2023

## Disclaimer regarding forward-looking statements

The foregoing statements regarding future results reflect the Company's expectations based on information available at the time of announcement. The information contains certain forward-looking statements that are subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such statements. Such risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the competitive environment, market trends, general economic conditions, technological changes, exchange rate fluctuations and our ability to continue to timely introduce new products and services.

### Note regarding business profit

Business profit is calculated by deducting cost of sales and SGA expenses from revenue. Although not defined in the statement of consolidated comprehensive income, this indicator is very similar to the concept of operating income under J-GAAP. Epson will present this information as a reference, as the Company believes users of financial statements will find it useful when evaluating Epson's financial performance.

### Numerical values presented herein

Numbers are rounded down to the unit indicated. Percentages are rounded off to one decimal place. Years mentioned in these materials are fiscal years unless otherwise indicated.

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- First-Quarter Financial Results
- FY2023 full-year financial outlook, shareholder returns
- Policy and actions to increase corporate value

Summary

Q1 results (YoY)

¥314.8B in revenue (increase), ¥15.5B in business profit (decrease)

- Revenue and profit increased in printing solutions and visual communications due to the easing of supply constraints and foreign exchange effects.
- Revenue and profit decreased in manufacturing-related and wearables mainly due unit volume decreases caused by inventory adjustments in the microdevices market.
- FY2023 full-year outlook (vs. previous outlook of 4/28)

¥1,380B in revenue (revised upward), ¥100B in business profit (no change)

- The outlook reflects lower-than-expected demand due to inflation and other factors resulting in hesitancy to buy and invest, as well as the slow pace of inventory adjustments in the microdevices market.
- Spend on priorities and emphasize profitability.
- Positive foreign exchange effects due to the weak yen were also factored into the outlook.

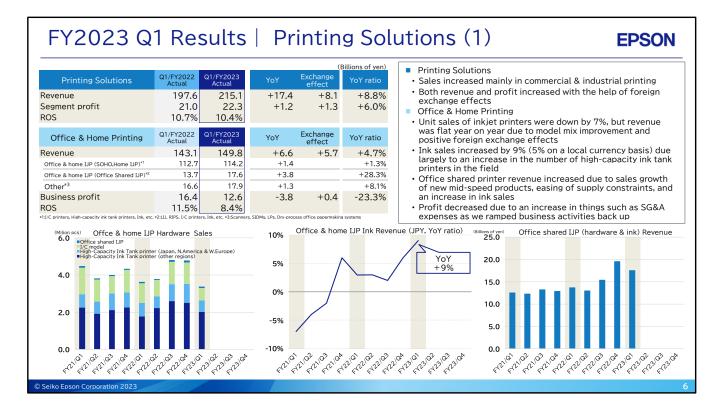
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- > This is a summary of the key points in today's presentation.
- First quarter revenue increased compared to the same period last year, while business profit decreased. Whereas revenue and profit in printing solutions and visual communications increased due to the easing of supply constraints and foreign exchange effects, revenue and profit in manufacturing-related and wearables decreased because unit volume fell due to inventory adjustments in the microdevices market.
- ➤ We have revised the 2023 fiscal full-year financial outlook based on changes in our assumptions about the business environment. Demand will be lower than initially expected due to inflation and other factors that are causing hesitancy to buy and invest.
  - Inventory adjustments are taking longer than expected in the microdevices market, and the outlook also reflects this.
- We are reiterating the original business profit outlook of ¥100 billion. We expect to reach it through an emphasis on profitability, spending on priorities, and the positive foreign exchange effects due to the weak yen.

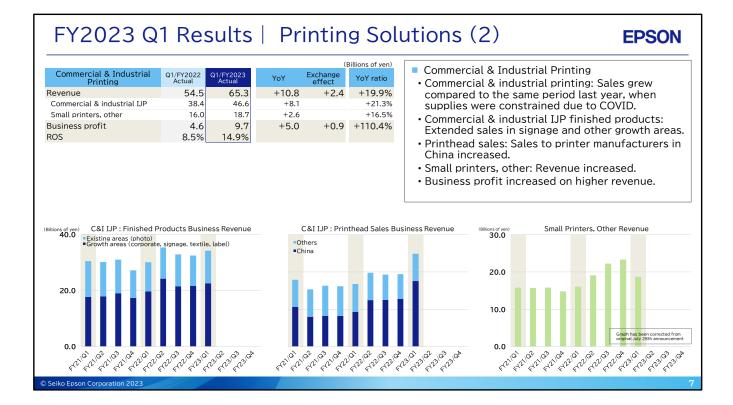
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#### Financial Highlights (First Quarter) **EPSON** FY2022 FY2023 Change YoY (Billions of yen) Q1 Actual % Q1 Actual % Profit from operating 297.8 314.8 +16.9 +5.7% Revenue activities & profit before tax Business profit 22.6 7.6% 15.5 5.0% -7.0 -31.1% Foreign exchange gains (other operating income) Profit from 10.5% 19.7 -11.5 -36.8% 31.2 6.3% from yen depreciation operating activities decreased year on year. 12.4% -8.7 -23.7% Profit before tax 37.0 28.2 9.0% Foreign exchange gains Profit for the period attributable to owners of the parent company (financial income) from ven 9.0% 20.1 -6.4 -24.3% 26.6 6.4% depreciation increased year on year. EPS\*1 (yen) 77.10 60.90 ¥137.18 **USD** ¥129.64 Exchange **EUR** ¥138.11 ¥149.40 (yen, index) Other 100 103 Exchange effect Other \*1 Basic earnings per share for the period \*2 Index showing weighted average variance of rates for currencies other than USD and EUR against a benchmark of 100 for the previous period. Rates are weighted according to Epson's net volume of revenue and cost for each currency Basic earnings per share for the period USD **EUR** (Billions of yen) Revenue +5,5 +3.7+2.3+11.6 -1.1 +2.2 +1.4 +2.5Business profit Seiko Epson Corporation 2023

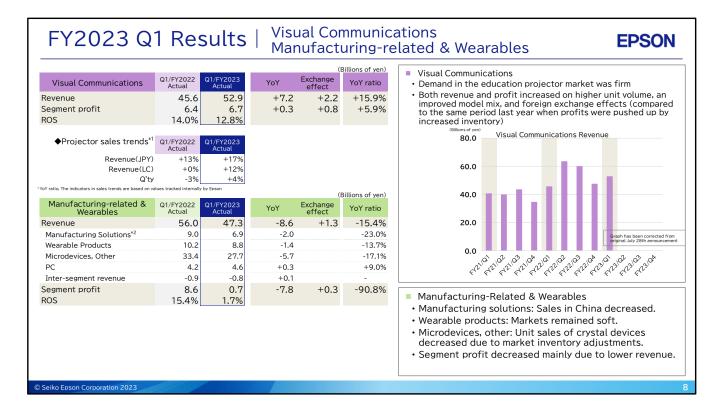
- > First, I will explain our first-quarter results.
- Revenue was ¥314.8 billion, up ¥16.9 billion year on year. Business profit was ¥15.5 billion, down ¥7.0 billion year on year.
- Foreign exchange effects had an ¥11.6 billion positive impact on revenue and a ¥2.5 billion positive impact on business profit.
- Profit for the period was ¥20.1 billion because we recorded foreign exchange gains due to the weak yen in profit from operating activities and profit before tax.
- Both revenue and business profit were in line with the internal plan, which served as the basis for the previous outlook. This was in part due to positive foreign exchange effects.



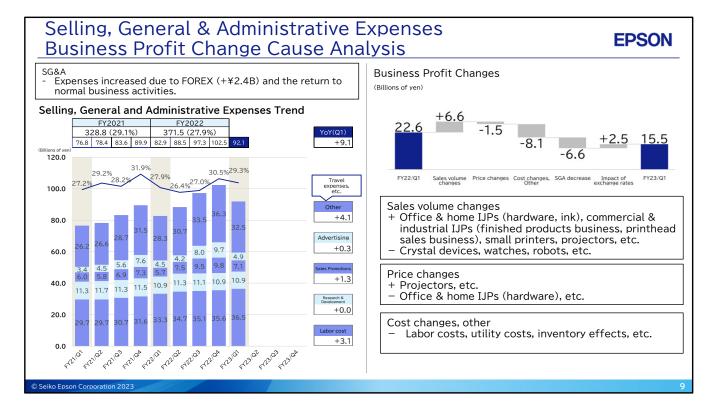
- > The financial results in printing solutions are shown here.
- > Revenue was \(\frac{2}{215.1}\) billion, up \(\frac{1}{215.4}\) billion year on year.
- Segment profit was ¥22.3 billion, up ¥1.2 billion.
- In office & home printing, revenue increased but profit decreased.
- Inkjet printer revenue was flat year on year because a decrease in sales of ink cartridge printers was offset by growth in high-capacity ink tank printers and positive foreign exchange effects.
- Ink revenue increased by 9%. In addition to foreign exchange effects, this increase was the result of an increase in the number of machines in the field and a corresponding increase in sales of high-capacity ink bottles.
- Office shared printer revenue increased owing primarily to growth in sales of new products in the medium-speed zone, the easing of unit supply constraints, and increased ink sales.
- Despite this revenue growth, business profit in office and home printing decreased because SG&A expenses rose as we ramped business activities back up.
- Inkjet printer unit sales fell short of the internal plan, but revenue was in line with the plan thanks, in part, to foreign exchange effects. Business profit exceeded the plan primarily as a result of efforts to control selling prices and costs.



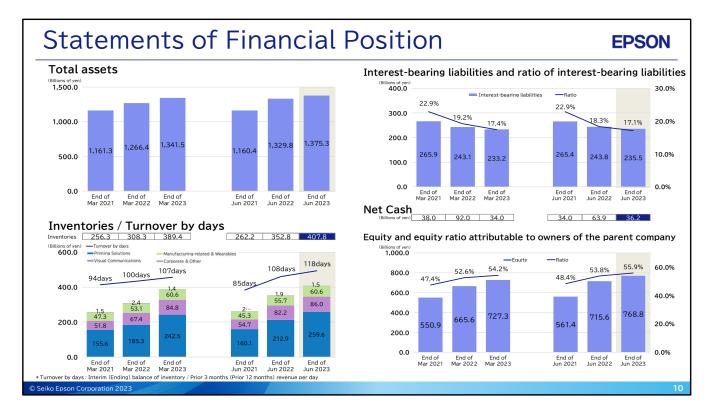
- Commercial & industrial printing revenue and profit increased as sales grew compared to the same period last year, when supplies were constrained.
- Though hurt by rising interest rates that have curbed the appetite for investment, the commercial and industrial inkjet printer finished products business increased revenue in signage and other growth areas.
- Revenue in the printhead sales business grew thanks to the steady expansion of sales to printer manufacturers in China after the resumption of exhibitions in China post-Covid.
- > Small printer and other revenue also increased.
- > Business profit increased on this revenue growth.
- Results were basically in line with the internal plan, partly due to foreign exchange effects.



- In visual communications, projector demand in the education market was firm, and unit sales increased thanks to the easing of supply constraints compared to the same period last year.
- Revenue was ¥52.9 billion, up ¥7.2 billion. This was a result of an improvement in the model mix as well as foreign exchange effects.
- Segment profit ended at ¥6.7 billion, up just ¥0.3 billion compared to the same period last year, when increased inventories pushed profit upwards.
- ➤ Both revenue and segment profit were basically in line with the internal plan, in part due to foreign exchange effects.
- ➤ In manufacturing-related and wearables, we recorded ¥47.3 billion in revenue, a decrease of ¥8.6 billion.
- Revenue in manufacturing solutions decreased mainly because sales to electronic equipment manufacturers in China decreased.
- Wearable products revenue decreased on continued market softness.
- Microdevices and other revenue decreased because of a decline in unit sales of crystal devices due to market inventory adjustments.
- ➤ Segment profit fell by ¥7.8 billion to ¥0.7 billion primarily because of lower revenue in crystal devices and other businesses in the segment and soaring utility costs in semiconductor fabrication.
- Both revenue and segment profit fell short of our internal plan.



- The graph on the left shows the trend in selling, general and administrative expenses.
- SG&A expenses increased because, in addition to foreign exchange effects, expenses such as labor costs, sales promotion costs, and travel expenses rose as we ramped business activities back up.
- > The SG&A expense ratio for the quarter was 29.3%.
- We will emphasize efficiency and agilely control spending to match revenue fluctuations.
- Let's look at the change factors that affected business profit with the graph on the right.
- The sales volume of crystal devices and some other products negatively impacted business profit, but this was exceeded by the positive impact of sales of products such as projectors and commercial and industrial inkjet printers, which increased as supply constraints eased.
- Prices of products such as projectors positively impacted business profit, while office and home inkjet printers and other products had a negative impact.
- Cost changes and other factors negatively impacted profit because of higher labor costs and utility costs. Inventory effects were negative compared to the same period last year, when profit was pushed upwards by increased inventory.

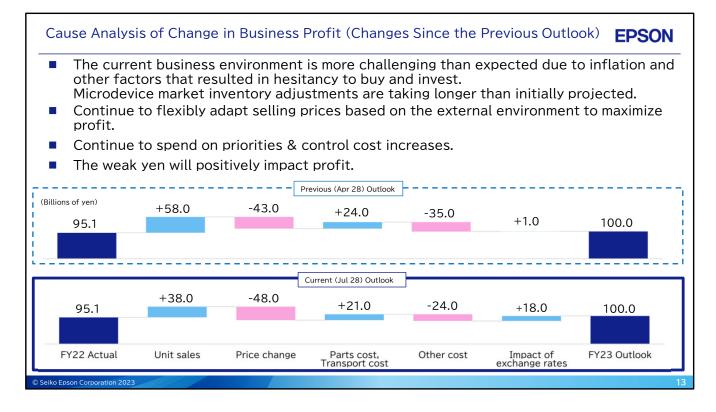


- The major items on the statements of financial position were as shown here.
- > Total assets were \(\pm\)1,375.3 billion, up \(\pm\)33.7 billion from the end of previous fiscal year.
- Inventories have increased since the end of March due to foreign exchange effects, but we are making production adjustments and controlling parts procurement in response.
- ➤ The ratio of interest-bearing liabilities was 17.1% and the shareholders' equity ratio was 55.9%, both being healthy levels.

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FY20	023	Fina	anc	cial C	)ut	look					E	EPSON	
		FY2022		FY2023				Cha	ange				
_(Billions	of yen)	Actual	%	4/28 Outlook	%	7/28 Outlook	%	YoY	vs 4/28 outlook				
Revenue		1,330.3		1,360.0		1,380.0		+49.6 +3.7%	+1.5%	■ Profit from or profit before		activities 8	
Business	profit	95.1	7.1%	100.0	7.4%	100.0	7.2%	+4.8 +5.1%		Changes in forgains and loss	reign ex		
Profit from operating a		97.0	7.3%	94.0	6.9%	96.0	7.0%	-1.0 -1.1%		in currency assumpt			
Profit bef	ore tax	103.7	7.8%	92.0	6.8%	101.0	7.3%	-2.7 -2.7%					
Profit for the y attributable to the parent com	owners of	75.0	5.6%	66.0	4.9%	72.0	5.2%	-3.0 -4.0%	+6.0				
EPS*1 (yen)		220.75		199.09		217.18							
	USD	¥135.44		¥129.00		¥137.00				*1 Basic earnings per sh *2 Index showing weigh for currencies other benchmark of 100 for	ted average than USD a	variance of rate and EUR against a	
Exchange rate (yen, index)	EUR	¥140.90		¥142.00		¥153.00				Rates are weighted accor volume of revenue and co *3 Annual impact of a 1-yen i	according to nd cost for	cording to Epson's net d cost for each currency.	
	Other currencies*2	100		97		103				the yen versus the U Annual impact of a 1 the yen versus other yen)	% increase	in the value of	
Exchange sensitivit (Billions of yen)		y *3 U.S	SD	EUR		Other rencies		al exchange ect outlook		Exchange rate	USD	137.00	
Rev	venue		-3.3	-1.5		-4.2		+31.0	0	assumptions from Q2(yen)	EUR	154.00	
Business prof		it -	+0.9	-0.9		-1.8		+18.0	0				
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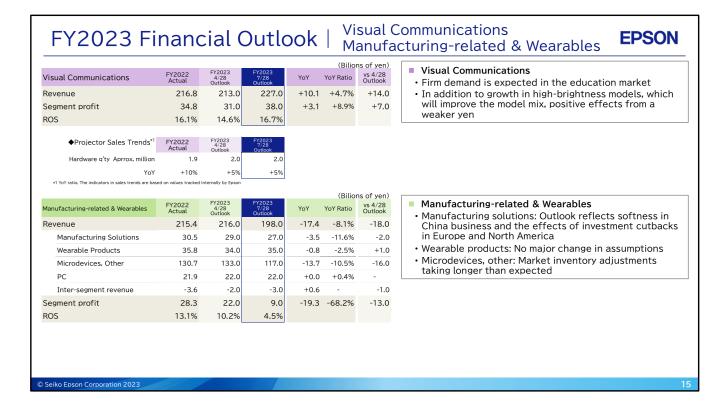
- > The slide shows the fiscal 2023 full-year financial outlook.
- We are raising the revenue outlook to ¥1,380 billion but are leaving the business profit outlook unchanged at ¥100 billion.
- Five of the recent situation, we expect a weaker yen and revised our foreign exchange assumptions to rates of 137 yen to the US dollar and 154 yen to the euro from the second quarter.
- ➤ We have changed the outlook for foreign exchange gain and losses in accordingly and raised the profit for the period outlook to ¥72.0 billion.



- ➤ I will explain the changes in assumptions from the previous outlook based on the factors that affect business profit.
- The current business environment is more challenging than expected due to factors such as inflation, which is causing hesitancy to buy and invest. In addition, microdevice market inventory adjustments are taking longer than initially projected.
- Given this situation, we expect fewer unit sales than previously forecast.
- We will continue to flexibly adapt selling prices based on the external environment to maximize profit, while we also expect selling prices to negatively impact business profit due mainly to large orders in projectors and changes in the SOHO and home inkiet printer model mix.
- We have not changed the business profit outlook of ¥100 billion because, in addition to positive foreign exchange effects, we factored in the impact of continued efforts to focus spending on priorities to control cost increases.

#### FY2023 Financial Outlook | Printing Solutions **EPSON** (Bilions of yen) Office & Home Printing FY2022 Actual · Inkjet printers: Unit sales revised mainly in first half 934.0 958.0 +55.6 +6.2% +24.0 Revenue 902.3 · Office shared printers: The market is weak, but we continue to emphasize inkjet environmental, reduced maintenance and 89.3 108.0 115.0 +25.6 28.8% Segment profit other advantages 12.0% 9.9% 11.6% ROS Ink: Increase the revenue outlook by 2% YoY after factoring in foreign exchange effects, etc. FY2022 Actual Office & Home Printing ◆ Office & Home IJP sales trends\*4 FY22 FY23 Outlook 653.4 660.0 680.0 +26.5 +4.1% Revenue Actual Hardware q' ty $\frac{\text{YoY}}{\text{Approx., million}}$ +7% Office & home LIP (SOHO, Home LIP)\*1 519.9 501.0 520.0 +0.0 +0.0% +19.0 +2% +2% Office & home IJP (Office Shared IJP)\* 61.7 88.0 87.0 +25.2 +40.8% 17.0 17.3 SOHO/Home Other\*3 71.7 71.0 73.0 +1.2 +1.7% +2.0 12.4 14.0 13.3 High-capacity ink tank printers 62.0 68.0 +13.3 +24.5% Business profit 54.6 +6.0 SOHO/ Home I/C model 4.3 3.9 3.6 ROS 8.4% 9.4% 10.0% Office Shared IJP 0.3 0.4 0.4 JPY +3% Ink revenue YoY ratio -2% +2% FY2022 Actual YoY Ratio vs 4/28 Outlook Local currency -7% Commercial & Industrial Printing \*4 The indicators in sales trends are based on values tracked internally by Epson +29.0 +11.7% 248.9 274.0 278.0 +4.0 Commercial & industrial IJP 168.1 188.0 194.0 +25.8 +15.4% +6.0 Small printers, other 80.7 86.0 84.0 +3.2 +4.0% -2.0 Commercial & Industrial Printing Finished products business: Performance will be impacted by investment cutbacks stemming from economic trends and high interest rates. Printhead sales business: Sales in China will be strong. Business profit 34.6 46.0 47.0 +12.3 +35.5% +1.0 13.9% 16.8% 16.9% Small printers: The demand forecast in Europe and North America was © Seiko Epson Corporation 2023

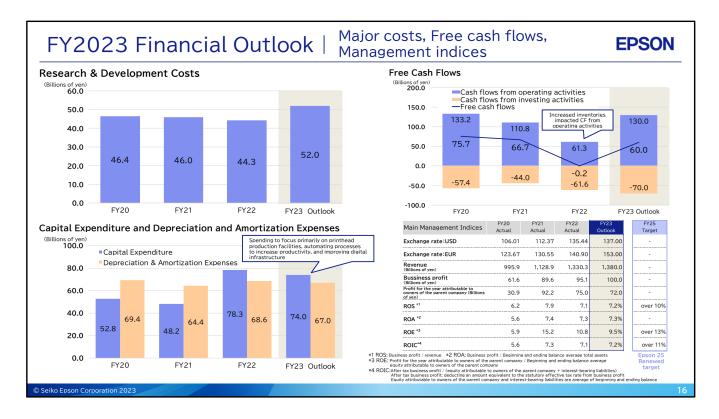
- Next, let's look at the situation segment by segment.
- In printing solutions, we raised the outlook for revenue to ¥958 billion and segment profit to ¥115 billion.
- We revised the inkjet printer unit sales outlook in office and home printing to 17.3 million units because we mainly revised the first half unit sales forecast presumption that we will have sharp growth compared to last fiscal year.
- > We will continue to control prices as needed to maximize profit.
- We now expect to sell about 13.3 million high-capacity ink tank printers as we build product awareness mainly in developed countries and capture opportunities afforded by a recovery in business demand in emerging markets.
- The market for office shared printers is weak, but we have expanded our lineup in this category last fiscal year and are strengthening engagement with dealers.
  - We will continue to promote the replacement of laser printers by emphasizing the environmental, reduced maintenance, and other advantages of inkjets.
- Office and home inkjet printer ink revenue is expected to increase by 2% from the same period last year based mainly on foreign exchange effects.
- In addition to these, foreign exchange effects were a factor in raising the revenue outlook in office and home printing.
- We raised the business profit outlook due to a combination of spending focused on priorities and positive foreign exchange effects.
- ➤ In commercial and industrial printing, we factored in the impact on the finished product business of investment cutbacks resulting from economic trends and high interest rates, but we raised the outlook mainly due to foreign exchange effects. We will continue to engineer platforms that enable us to expand sales of new, efficiently developed products.
- Printhead sales will remain strong in China.
- We revised the demand forecast for small printers in Europe and North America.



> In visual communications, demand for education projectors is firm.

We have raised the revenue outlook to \(\frac{4}{227}\) billion and the segment profit outlook to \(\frac{4}{38}\) billion based on anticipated growth in high-brightness models, which will improve the model mix, and the positive effect of a weak yen.

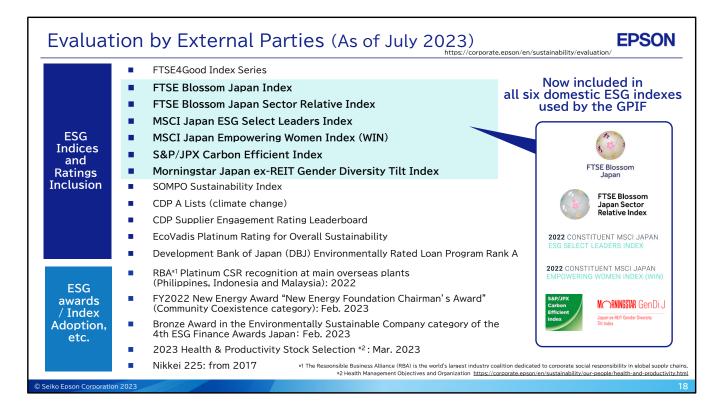
- ➤ In manufacturing related and wearables, we lowered the revenue outlook to ¥198 billion and the segment profit outlook to ¥9 billion.
- ➤ In manufacturing solutions, the outlook reflects softness in the China business and the effects of investment cutbacks in Europe and North America.
- There is no major change in our assumptions regarding wearable products.
- ➤ In microdevices and other, we had expected sales to recover from the second half, but inventory adjustments in the market are taking longer than anticipated. In light of this, we revised our assumptions regarding a recovery, pushing it out to next fiscal year and beyond.



- ➤ The outlook for R&D costs, capital expenditure, depreciation and amortization, and free cash flow has not changed.
- > The outlook for the management indices are as shown here. The ROE outlook is 9.5%.

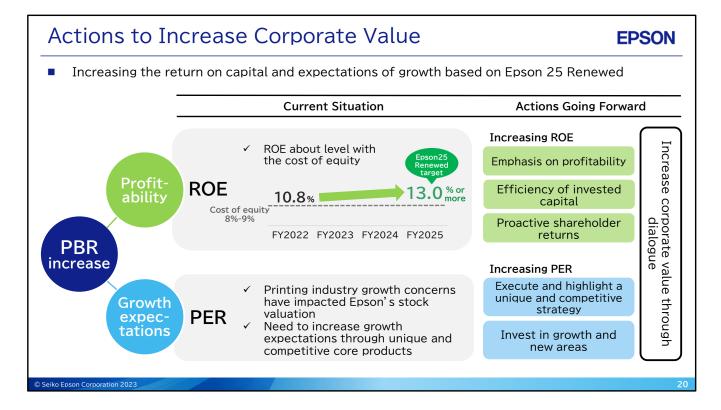
#### Shareholder Returns **EPSON** Basic policy Epson will seek to provide investors with high returns after investing in line with the growth strategy. Dividends: Continue to provide stable dividends, with a consolidated dividend payout ratio\* of about 40% over the mid-term. \* Calculated based on the amount obtained by deducting an amount equivalent to the statutory effective tax rate from business profit Share repurchase: Agilely purchasing treasury shares as warranted by share price, the capital situation, and other factors. Dividend forecast FY2022 annual dividend per share: ¥72, including ¥10 anniversary dividend. Plan to increase the ordinary dividend by $\pm 12$ , for an annual dividend of $\pm 74$ per share in FY2023. ■Interim dividend ■Year-end dividend ■Commemorative dividend(year-end) 74 72 62 62 62 (Yen) 10 37 31 31 31 31 37 31 31 31 31 FY2019 FY2020 FY2021 FY2022 FY2023 (Forecast) Share repurchas Share Dividend ¥10B ¥30B

- > Next, I will explain shareholder returns.
- Epson's basic policy is endeavor to proactively provide investors with returns after investing in line with the growth strategy.
- We plan to increase the ordinary dividend per share for the 2023 fiscal year by 12 yen, so it will total 74 yen.



- Epson has earned recognition from numerous outside parties.
- ➤ In March of this year, the Government Pension Investment Fund newly adopted Morningstar's ESG Japan index. With this, Epson has now been selected for inclusion in all six domestic ESG indexes used by the GPIF.
- We were also included in the FTSE4Good Index Series, a prominent ESG-focused index, for the 20th consecutive year.

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- Finally, I would like to explain about our actions to increase corporate value.
- Epson is increasing corporate value by increasing profitability and growth expectations based on Epson 25 Renewed.
- ROE, which indicates the capital profitability, is staying about level with the cost of equity. To improve the equity spread, we aim to achieve a return of more than 13% above the cost of equity for the 2025 fiscal year.
- We see the current price-to-earnings ratio as being impacted by concerns about growth in the printing industry and necessity of nurturing growth expectations through unique and competitive core products. So, we also see raising these expectations as an issue that we need to address.
- I will explain the actions we will take going forward on the following slides.

#### Future Actions | Increasing Capital Profitability **EPSON** Increase profitability and capital efficiency to enhance the equity spread (ROE - cost of equity) Emphasis on profitability Efficiency of invested capital Emphasize profitability over revenue Manage the business portfolio to increase Spend on priorities according to the business efficiency of fund circulation Improve CCC by reducing inventories portfolio Introduce ROIC as a management indicator for each operations division on a trial basis Proactive shareholder returns Provide investors with high returns after investing in line with the growth strategy Dividends: Continue to provide stable dividends, with a consolidated dividend payout ratio\* of about 40% over the mid-term. Share repurchase: Repurchase if necessary, depending on the share price, the capital situation, and other factors. Anniversary dividend Consolidated dividend payout ratio\* 75.0% 49.7% 34.2% 36.3% 35.0% 10 (Yen) 74 62 62 62 62 FY2019 FY2020 FY2021 FY2022 FY2023 (Forecast) Calculated based on the amount obtained by deducting an amount equivalent to the statutory effective tax rate from business profit

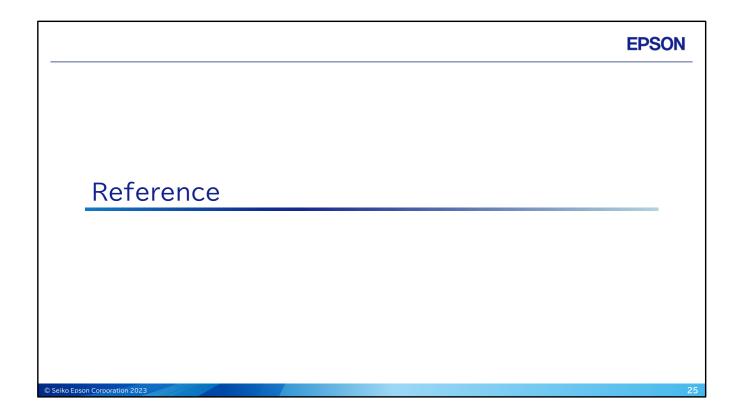
- First, to improve the equity spread, we will increase profitability and capital efficiency.
- In addition to emphasizing profit creation and spending on priorities according to the business portfolio, we will work to improve the cash conversion cycle by reducing inventories.
- ➤ In the past, we used ROIC as a Group-wide management metric. From here, however, we will try introducing ROIC as an indicator for operations division level management, to focus management attention even more on capital deployment.
- We will continue to proactively provide investors with high returns after investing in line with the growth strategy.

#### Future Actions | Increasing Growth Expectations **EPSON** Execute and highlight a unique and competitive strategy to foster and increase expectations of growth Continue to invest in growth areas and new areas to develop the next main revenue driver Execute and highlight a unique and competitive strategy. Invest in new and growth areas. Solve societal issues while also achieving Accelerate development of new areas business growth through co-creation Leverage unique technology to create new Office & home printing innovation value with partners Drive advances in distributed printing, reduce environmental Printheads applications impacts and increase work productivity In addition to selling printheads, Commercial & industrial printing innovation collaborate on inkjet with material & Lead the digitization of printing to equipment manufacturers, universities, reduce environmental impacts and research institutions, and government increase work productivity Dry Fiber Technology applications Manufacturing innovation Accelerate efforts toward a sustainable fashion Innovate manufacturing by providing industry by upcycling not only paper but used highly productive and flexible production clothing and other materials, as well systems Collaboration & open innovation Visual innovation Invest in robotics, AI, and a wide variety of other Connect people, things, information, and services to support learning, working, and lifestyles

- ➤ To increase expectations of growth, we will execute and highlight a unique and competitive strategy. We will also continue to invest in growth and new areas to develop the next main revenue driver.
- In addition to seeking business growth by providing innovative solutions to societal issues, we will accelerate the development of new areas through the application of printheads and Dry Fiber Technology, as well as through open innovation and other forms of co-creation.

#### Future Actions | Increasing Corporate Value **EPSON** Continuously increase corporate value through dialogue with investors Main Japanese and English disclosure materials Disclosure of financial and **ESG** information Farnings release materials Dialogue with investors and Timely disclosure materials analysts Securities reports Proxy statements Integrated Reports Corporate Vision and midrange business plan Financial and FSG information Further improvement in the Increase corporate value quality of management through dialogue Explanatory and dialogue meetings IR and SR meetings (worldwide) recent evaluation of board Dialogue with outside directors effectiveness Explanatory meetings (earnings, mid-range business plans, business Enhance discussions on long-term Feedback to executive strategies, ESG, etc.) corporate strategy management Increase the ability to execute Epson 25 Factory tours Renewed and the speed of execution Develop details of management succession plans and carry out the plans Seiko Epson Corporation 2023

- > Epson will emphasize dialogue with capital markets and will enhance disclosures and opportunities for dialogue.
- We will continuously enhance corporate value by improving communication and relationships with investors to implement a cycle for improving the quality of management while also reducing the cost of capital.



#### Main Product Sales Trends **EPSON** FY2022 Full-Year Actual FY2022 Q1 Actual FY2022 Q2 Actual FY2022 Q3 Actual FY2022 Q4 Actual FY2023 Q1 Actual 129.64 138.11 138.30 139.28 141.55 144.23 132.28 141.97 135.44 140.90 137.18 149.40 13700 153.00 \* The indicators in sales trends are based on values tracked internally by Epson YoY % Revenue (JPY) +9% +31% +42% +26% +27% +1% +6% Revenue (Local Currency) -4% +12% +23% +15% +12% -3% YoY % Q'ty YoY % -19% -1% +20% +10% +2% -7% +2% Office & Home IJP Hardware Office & Home Printing Q'ty (Approx., million) 17.0 17.3 pcs High-capacity ink tank printers pcs 12.4 13.3 SOHO/ Home I/C model pcs 4.3 3.6 Office shared IJP pcs 0.3 0.4 Revenue within office & home IJP Ink/(HW+Ink) Composition ratio 36% 35% Office & Home IJP Ink Revenue (JPY) +9% +3% +3% +2% +6% +3% YoY % +2% Revenue (Local Currency) -7% YoY % -6% -9% -8% -2% +5% Revenue (JPY) YoY % +13% +60% +40% +40% +38% +17% +5% Visual Communicati Revenue (Local Currency) +0% +37% +21% +28% +21% +12% YoY % Projectors Hardware Q'ty YoY % -3% +22% +4% +19% +10% +4% +5% 1.9 Q'ty (Approx., million) 2.0 pcs

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# Financial Data (FY2022, FY2023)

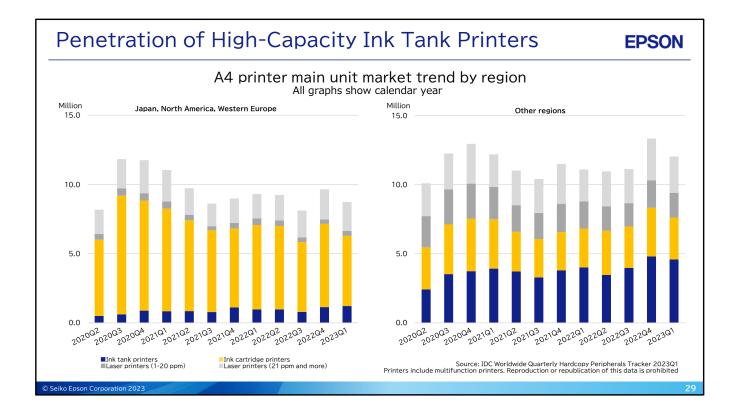
# **EPSON**

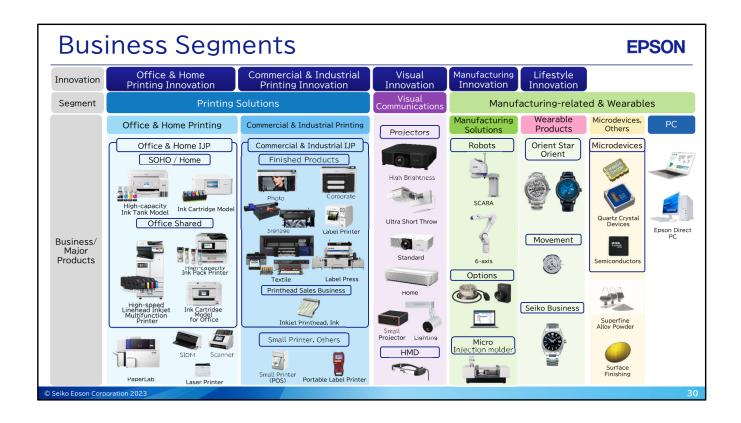
			FY2022 Q1 Actual	FY2022 Q2 Actual	FY2022 Q3 Actual	FY2022 Q4 Actual	FY2022 Full-year Actual	FY2023 Q1 Actual	FY2023 Q2 Actual	FY2023 Q3 Actual	FY2023 Q4 Actual	FY2023 Full-year Outlook
Exchange rate		USD	129.64	138.30	141.55	132.28	135.44	137.18				137.00
(yen)		EUR	138.11	139.28	144.23	141.97	140.90	149.40				153.00
<b>Printing Solution</b>	IS .	Revenue	197.6	215.5	249.0	240.1	902.3	215.1				958.0
		Segment profit	21.0	18.6	27.3	22.2	89.3	22.3				115.0
Office & Hom	e Printing	Revenue	143.1	151.1	184.4	174.6	653.4	149.8				680.0
		Business profit	16.4	10.1	17.3	10.7	54.6	12.6				68.0
Commercial &	Industrial Printing	Revenue	54.5	64.3	64.6	65.3	248.9	65.3				278.0
		Business profit	4.6	8.5	10.0	11.5	34.6	9.7				47.0
Visual Communic	ations	Revenue	45.6	63.5	60.1	47.5	216.8	52.9				227.0
		Segment profit	6.4	12.7	9.7	6.0	34.8	6.7				38.0
Manufacturing-related & wearables		Revenue	56.0	57.2	52.7	49.5	215.4	47.3				198.0
		Segment profit	8.6	9.4	7.6	2.6	28.3	0.7				9.0
Corporate expenses &		Revenue	-1.4	-1.0	-0.6	-1.2	-4.3	-0.5				-3.0
Others, eliminations		Segment profit	-13.4	-13.9	-13.4	-16.5	-57.3	-14.3				-62.0
		Revenue	297.8	335.2	361.2	335.9	1,330.3	314.8				1,380.0
		Business profit	22.6	26.8	31.2	14.3	95.1	15.5				100.0
Consolidated total		ROS	7.6%	8.0%	8.6%	4.3%	7.1%	5.0%				7.2%
R&D Costs		10.9	11.3	11.1	10.9	44.3	10.9				52.0	
	Printing Solutions		7.8	9.2	10.6	19.6	47.4	6.7				44.0
Capital	Visual Communicatio	ns	1.4	1.3	1.1	3.4	7.3	1.2				7.0
Expenditures Manufacturing-relat Coporate expenses		ed & wearables	1.7	3.0	3.3	6.7	14.9	1.6				15.0
		& Others	1.7	1.7	2.5	2.7	8.7	0.9				8.0
	Printing Solutions	10.1	10.4	10.6	10.2	41.3	10.3				40.0	
Depreciation & amortization	Visual Communicatio	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.3	10.2	2.4				10.0	
Expense	Manufacturing-relate	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.5	9.9	2.5				10.0	
Coporate expenses & Others		1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	7.0	1.7				7.0	
0 05			10.0	22.5	14.0	05.0	(1.5	05.0				120.5
Operating CF			-12.3	33.3	14.9	25.3	61.3	27.3				130.0
FCF			-30.9	18.6	2.3	9.6	-0.2	6.3				60.0

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Revenue (Billions of yen)         EUR         131.91         12           Revenue (Billions of yen)         FY21/Q1         FY21           The Americas         85.2         Europe         58.3           Asia/ Oceania         86.8         Total revenue to customers outside of Japan         230.4         2           Consolidated revenue         282.1         2           % of revenue to consolidated revenue         FY21/Q1         FY21           The Americas         30.2%         2           Europe         20.7%         2           Asia/ Oceania         30.8%         2           Total         81.7%         86	110.08 113.71 116.2 129.77 130.08 130.45 121/Q2 FY21/Q3 FY21/Q4 80.1 81.0 86.2 57.1 62.3 61.7 78.9 84.4 77.2 216.2 227.8 225.2 268.4 296.1 282.7 21/Q2 FY21/Q3 FY21/Q4 29.9% 27.4% 30.6% 21.3% 21.0% 21.9%	FY22/Q1 2 100.0 7 57.3 2 88.4 2 245.7 1 297.8 FY22/Q1 6 33.6%	138.30 139.28 FY22/Q2 111.5 68.3 100.5 280.4 335.2 FY22/Q2 33.3%	141.55 144.23 FY22/Q3 114.3 78.5 100.9 293.8 361.2	132.28 141.97 FY22/Q4 111.0 78.0 89.1 278.2 335.9	137.18 149.40 FY23/Q1 106.9 62.1 92.8 261.9 314.8	YoY +6.8 +4.8 +4.4 +16.1 +16.9
Revenue (Billions of yen)         FY21/Q1         FY21           The Americas         85.2         FY21/Q1         FY21           Europe         58.3         Asia/ Oceania         86.8         Total revenue to customers outside of Japan         230.4         2           Consolidated revenue         282.1         2           % of revenue to consolidated revenue         FY21/Q1         FY21           The Americas         30.2%         2           Europe         20.7%         2           Asia/ Oceania         30.8%         2           Total         81.7%         80	129.77 130.08 130.45 21/Q2 FY21/Q3 FY21/Q4 80.1 81.0 86.2 57.1 62.3 61.7 78.9 84.4 77.2 216.2 227.8 225.2 268.4 296.1 282.7 21/Q2 FY21/Q3 FY21/Q4 29.9% 27.4% 30.6% 21.3% 21.0% 21.9%	FY22/Q1 2 100.0 7 57.3 2 88.4 2 245.7 1 297.8 FY22/Q1 6 33.6%	139.28 FY22/Q2 111.5 68.3 100.5 280.4 335.2	144.23 FY22/Q3 114.3 78.5 100.9 293.8 361.2	141.97 FY22/Q4 111.0 78.0 89.1 278.2 335.9	149.40 FY23/Q1 106.9 62.1 92.8 261.9 314.8	+6.8 +4.8 +4.4 +16.1
Revenue (Billions of yen)	21/Q2 FY21/Q3 FY21/Q4 80.1 81.0 86.2 57.1 62.3 61.7 78.9 84.4 77.2 216.2 227.8 225.2 268.4 296.1 282.7 21/Q2 FY21/Q3 FY21/Q4 29.9% 27.4% 30.6% 21.3% 21.0% 21.9%	FY22/Q1 2 100.0 7 57.3 2 88.4 2 245.7 1 297.8 FY22/Q1 6 33.6%	FY22/Q2 111.5 68.3 100.5 280.4 335.2	FY22/Q3 114.3 78.5 100.9 293.8 361.2	FY22/Q4 111.0 78.0 89.1 278.2 335.9	FY23/Q1 106.9 62.1 92.8 261.9 314.8	+6.8 +4.8 +4.4 +16.1
The Americas	80.1 81.0 86.2 57.1 62.3 61.7 78.9 84.4 77.2 216.2 227.8 225.2 268.4 296.1 282. 21/Q2 FY21/Q3 FY21/Q4 29.9% 27.4% 30.6% 21.3% 21.0% 21.9%	2 100.0 7 57.3 2 88.4 2 245.7 1 297.8 FY22/Q1 6 33.6%	111.5 68.3 100.5 280.4 335.2	114.3 78.5 100.9 293.8 361.2	111.0 78.0 89.1 278.2 335.9	106.9 62.1 92.8 261.9 314.8	+6.8 +4.8 +4.4 +16.1
Europe   58.3   Asia/ Oceania   86.8   Total revenue to customers outside of Japan   230.4   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2	57.1         62.3         61.7           78.9         84.4         77.2           216.2         227.8         225.2           268.4         296.1         282.           21/Q2         FY21/Q3         FY21/Q4           29.9%         27.4%         30.6%           21.3%         21.0%         21.9%	7 57.3 2 88.4 2 245.7 1 297.8 FY22/Q1 6 33.6%	68.3 100.5 280.4 335.2 FY22/Q2	78.5 100.9 293.8 361.2 FY22/Q3	78.0 89.1 278.2 335.9	62.1 92.8 261.9 314.8	+4.8 +4.4 +16.1
Asia/ Oceania 86.8  Total revenue to customers outside of Japan 230.4 2  Consolidated revenue 282.1 2  % of revenue to consolidated revenue 5721/Q1 FY21  The Americas 30.2% 29  Europe 20.7% 2  Asia/ Oceania 30.8% 29  Total 81.7% 86	78.9 84.4 77.2 216.2 227.8 225.2 268.4 296.1 282. 21/Q2 FY21/Q3 FY21/Q4 29.9% 27.4% 30.6% 21.3% 21.0% 21.9%	2 88.4 2 245.7 1 297.8 FY22/Q1 6 33.6%	100.5 280.4 335.2 FY22/Q2	100.9 293.8 361.2	89.1 278.2 335.9	92.8 261.9 314.8	+4.4 +16.1
Total revenue to customers outside of Japan   230.4   2	216.2 227.8 225.2 268.4 296.1 282.7 21/Q2 FY21/Q3 FY21/Q4 29.9% 27.4% 30.6% 21.3% 21.0% 21.9%	2 245.7 1 297.8 FY22/Q1 6 33.6%	280.4 335.2 FY22/Q2	293.8 361.2 FY22/Q3	278.2 335.9	261.9 314.8	+16.1
Consolidated revenue         ZSU.4         Z           % of revenue to consolidated revenue         FY21/Q1         FY21           The Americas         30.2%         26           Europe         20.7%         2           Asia/ Oceania         30.8%         26           Total         81.7%         80	268.4         296.1         282.7           21/Q2         FY21/Q3         FY21/Q4           29.9%         27.4%         30.6%           21.3%         21.0%         21.9%	1 297.8 FY22/Q1 6 33.6%	335.2 FY22/Q2	361.2 FY22/Q3	335.9	314.8	
% of revenue to consolidated revenue         FY21/Q1         FY21           The Americas         30.2%         29           Europe         20.7%         2           Asia/ Oceania         30.8%         29           Total         81.7%         86	21/Q2 FY21/Q3 FY21/Q4 29.9% 27.4% 30.6% 21.3% 21.0% 21.9%	FY22/Q1 6 33.6%	FY22/Q2	FY22/Q3			+16.9
consolidated revenue         FYZ/I/QI         FYZ/I           The Americas         30.2%         29           Europe         20.7%         2           Asia/ Oceania         30.8%         29           Total         81.7%         80	29.9%     27.4%     30.6%       21.3%     21.0%     21.9%	33.6%			FY22/Q4	FY23/Q1	
The Americas         30.2%         29           Europe         20.7%         2           Asia/ Oceania         30.8%         29           Total         81.7%         80	29.9%     27.4%     30.6%       21.3%     21.0%     21.9%	33.6%			F122/Q4	FTZ3/QT	
Europe         20.7%         2           Asia/ Oceania         30.8%         29           Total         81.7%         80	21.3% 21.0% 21.9%		33.3%	31.6%	33.1%	34.0%	
Asia/ Oceania 30.8% 29 Total 81.7% 80		0 19.2/0	20.4%	21.8%	23.2%	19.7%	
Total 81.7% 80	29.4% 28.5% 27.4%	6 29.7%	30.0%	27.9%	26.5%	29.5%	
	29.4% 28.5% 27.4% 80.6% 76.9% 79.8%		83.7%	81.3%	82.8%	83.2%	
	80.6% /6.9% /9.8%	0 62.5%	63.7%	01.3%	02.0%	63.2%	
Number of employees							
Number of employees at period end (person) Jun Se	nd of End of End of Sep Dec Mar 021 2021 2022	End of Jun 2022	End of Sep 2022	End of Dec 2022	End of Mar 2023	End of Jun 2023	YoY
	9,805 19,788 19,705		20,131	20,174	20,124	20,633	+505
Non-Japan 60,813 60	0,000 59,917 57,935	7 59,887	62,742	64,308	59,782	57,932	-1,955





# **Definition of Terms**

# **EPSON**

IJP	Inkjet printers
I/C	Ink cartridges
LIJ	Line inkjet printers, high-speed line inkjet multifunction printers
LP	Laser printers, including multifunction printers
RIPS	Replaceable ink pack system, high-yield cartridge-free ink pack printers
High-capacity ink tank printers	Inkjet printers with high-capacity ink tank (includes EcoTank)
High-capacity ink models	General term for high-capacity ink tank printers, RIPS, and LIJ
SOHO	Small office, home office
Office Shared IJP	Printer category for high print volume office users. This includes LIJ, RIPS, and I/C printers
Epson Connect	Epson's mobile cloud service for Epson products and services
Color Control Technology	Color management technology that enhances color reproducibility
Commercial & Industrial (C&I) IJP	Inkjet printers, ink, services for commerce and industry
Printhead sales business	Printheads, ink, etc.
Distributed printing	Printing method that prints out same images/ documents using several printers
SIDM	Serial impact dot matrix printers
3LCD	Technology that projects images by utilizing 3LCD-chips
High-brightness laser projectors	High-lumen projectors mainly used in venues such as conference rooms and halls
FPD	Flat panel displays
OLED	Organic light emitting diode
WP	Wearable Products business
MD, Other	Microdevices, Other business

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